

Safety Data Sheet

Product name: Vinyl acetate

CAS No.: 108-05-4

Prepared in accordance with GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

>Product identifier

- Product name: Vinyl acetate
- CBnumber: CB7852732
- CAS: 108-05-4
- EINECS Number: 203-545-4
- Synonyms: vinyl acetate,VAM

>Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

- Relevant identified uses: For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.
- Uses advised against: none

>Company Identification

- Company: Linyi Tuohui New Materials Co., Ltd.
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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

>GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

- Symbol(GHS)



- Signal word Danger

Precautionary statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing.
Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... for extinction.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Hazard statements

H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H332 Harmful if inhaled

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects

H351 Suspected of causing cancer

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H401 Toxic to aquatic life

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

>Substance

- Product name: Vinyl acetate
- Synonyms: vinyl acetate, VAM
- CAS: 108-05-4
- EC number: 203-545-4
- MF: C₄H₆O₂
- MW: 86.09

SECTION 4: First aid measures

>Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

>Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

>Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

>Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Dry powder Dry sand

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do NOT use water jet.

>Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

Flash back possible over considerable distance., Container explosion may occur under fire conditions.

>Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

>Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

>NFPA 704

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

For personal protection see section 8.

>Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

>Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

>Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

For precautions see section 2.2.

>Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store in cool place.

Recommended storage temperature 2 - 8 °C

>Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

>control parameter

Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

>Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Splash contact Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,3 mm Break through time: 232 min

Material tested:Butoject (KCL 897 / Aldrich Z677647, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing., The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full- face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Exposure limits

NIOSH REL: 15-min ceiling 4 ppm (15 mg/m³); ACGIH TLV: TWA 10 ppm, STEL 15 ppm (adopted).

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

>Information on basic physicochemical properties

- Appearance liquid
- OdourNo data available
- Odour ThresholdNo data available
- pH7 (20g/l, H₂O, 20°C)

- Melting point/freezing pointMelting point/range: -93 °C - lit.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range 72 - 73 °C - lit.
- Flash point-7 °C
- Evaporation rateNo data available
- Flammability (solid, gas)No data available
- Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits2.6-13.4%(V)
- Vapour pressure88 mm Hg (20 °C)
- Vapour density3 (vs air)
- Relative density0,934 g/cm³ at 25 °C
- Water solubility20g/l
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/waterNo data available
- Autoignition temperatureNo data available
- Decomposition temperatureNo data available
- ViscosityNo data available
- Explosive propertiesNo data available
- Oxidizing propertiesNo data available
- Henry's Law Constant4.81 (calculated, Howard, 1989)

>Other safety information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

>Reactivity

No data available

>Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

>Possibility of hazardous reactions

Unstable upon depletion of inhibitor.

>Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

>Incompatible materials

>Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

>Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - 2.900 mg/kg

Remarks: (RTECS) Inhalation: absorption

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - 2.335 mg/kg Remarks: (RTECS)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 404)

Drying-out effect resulting in rough and chapped skin. Possible damages: slight irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation (OECD Test Guideline 405)

Possible damages: slight irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

(OECD Test Guideline 429)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Ames test

Escherichia coli/Salmonella typhimurium Result: negative

Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): chromosome aberration. Human lymphocytes

Result: positive Micronucleus test

human lymphoblastoid cells Result: negative

In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test human lymphoblastoid cells

Result: positive

Mouse - male - sperm Result: negative (ECHA)

OECD Test Guideline 474 Mouse - male - Bone marrow

Result: Positive results were obtained in some in vivo tests.

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC: 2B - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans (Vinyl acetate)

Reproductive toxicity**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

May cause respiratory irritation. - Respiratory system

Acute oral toxicity - Gastrointestinal disturbance, Risk of aspiration upon vomiting., Pulmonary failure possible after aspiration of vomit.

Acute inhalation toxicity - mucosal irritations, Cough, Shortness of breath, Possible damages:, damage of respiratory tract

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard**Additional Information**

RTECS: AK0875000

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

After uptake:

Systemic effects:

Dizziness, somnolence, Unconsciousness Absorption can result in damage to:

Liver, Kidney

Effect potentiated by: ethanol

This substance should be handled with particular care.

Toxicity

LD50 orally in rats: 2.92 g/kg (Smyth, Carpenter)

SECTION 12: Ecological information

>Toxicity

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 12,6 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)

Toxicity to algae

ErC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - 12,7 mg/l - 72 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)

>Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 14 d

Result: 82 - 98 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301C)

>Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

>Mobility in soil

>Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

>Toxics Screening Level

This ITSL was established on August 23, 1990 at 200 µg/m³ with 24 hr AT .

>Other adverse effects

Harmful to aquatic life.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

>Waste treatment methods

> Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the Directive on waste 2008/98/EC as well as other national and local regulations. Leave chemicals in original containers. No mixing with other waste. Handle uncleaned containers like the product itself.

Incompatibilities

Vinyl acetate may undergo spontaneous exothermic polymerization on exposure to light. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Incompatible with oxidizers; contact may cause fires or explosions. Keep away from alkaline materials, strong bases, strong acids, oxoacids, epoxides, strong light and UV. The vapor may react vigorously with silica gel or aluminum, acids, bases, silica gel, etc.

Waste Disposal

Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber. All federal, state, and local environmental regulations must be observed.

> Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

>UN number

ADR/RID: 1301 IMDG: 1301 IATA: 1301

>UN proper shipping name

	ADR/RID: VINYL ACETATE, STABILIZED IMDG: VINYL ACETATE, STABILIZED	
IATA: Vinyl acetate, stabilized		
14.3	Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID: 3 IMDG: 3	IATA: 3
14.4	Packaging group ADR/RID: II IMDG: II	IATA: II
14.5	Environmental hazards ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no	IATA: no

> 14.6 Special precautions for user

No data available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

>Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Listed. website: <https://www.mem.gov.cn/>

Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: <https://www.mee.gov.cn/>

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: <https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/>

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: <http://ncis.nier.go.kr>

EC Inventory:Listed.

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory: Listed. website:

<https://www.epa.gov/>

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Listed. website: <https://www.epa.govt.nz/>

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS): Listed. website:

<https://emb.gov.ph/>

SECTION 16: Other information

>Abbreviations and acronyms

- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

>References

【1】 CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>

【2】 ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>

【3】 ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

【4】 eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en

【5】 ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>

【6】 Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>

【7】 HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>

【8】 IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>

【9】 IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>

【10】 Sigma-Aldrich, website: <https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/>

>Other Information

An added stabilizer or inhibitor can influence the toxicological properties of this substance; consult an expert. The stabilizing quality of hydroquinone is limited to 60 days. For prolonged storage, another inhibitor, such as diphenylamine, is recommended. Do NOT take working clothes home.